Regularized CASPT2: an intruder-state-free

approach

Stefano Battaglia,\* Lina Fransén, Ignacio Fdez. Galván, and Roland Lindh\*

Department of Chemistry - BMC, Uppsala University, P.O. Box 576, SE-75123 Uppsala,

Sweden

E-mail: stefano.battaglia@kemi.uu.se; roland.lindh@kemi.uu.se

Abstract

In this presentation we present a new approach to fix the intruder state problem

(ISP) in CASPT2 based on  $\sigma^p$  regularization. The resulting  $\sigma^p$ -CASPT2 method is

compared to previous techniques, namely the real and imaginary level shifts, on a

theoretical basis and by performing a series of systematic calculations. The analysis is

focused on two aspects, the effectiveness of  $\sigma^p$ -CASPT2 in removing the ISP and the

sensitivity of the approach with respect to the input parameter. We found that  $\sigma^p$ -

CASPT2 compares favorably with respect to previous approaches, and that different

versions,  $\sigma^1$ -CASPT2 and  $\sigma^2$ -CASPT2, have different potential application domains.

This analysis also reveals the unsuitability of the real level shift technique as a general

way to avoid the intruder state problem.

1